

Digitalisation at the Service of Sustainability

Towards our Common Digital Future

Outline

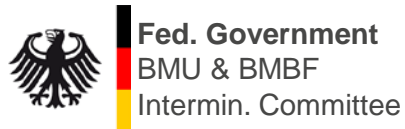
- > Short Introduction WBGU
- > Sneak Preview Flagship Report on Digitalisation and Sustainability
- > Selected Recommendations and Call for Action

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WBGU: Science-Policy-Society-Interface

WBGU



Independent scientific policy advice

- **9 professors:** interdisciplinary, appointed 4 years, scientific staff
- **Secretariat** with scientific core team



Deutscher Bundestag



German Advisory Council on Global Change Science for a Sustainable Future

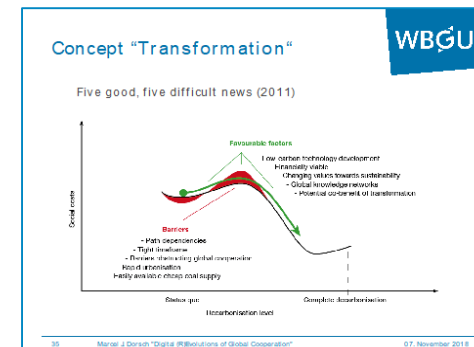
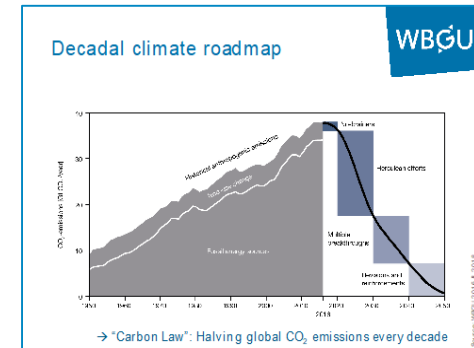
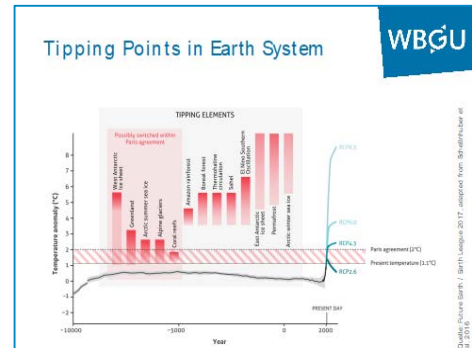
The Council

- > compiles scientific analyses, develops concepts, and proposes solutions for global sustainability
- > Our thinking is systemic, our work independent and interdisciplinary
- > Through dialogue with policy-makers, society and international organizations, we uncover ways of achieving the Great Transformation

> Outputs

- > Syntheses of scientific discourse and evidence
- > Identification of future concerns (early warnings)
- > Assessments of national und international policy processes
- > Policy and research recommendations for the German government

WBGUs Core Focus: Sustainability Transformation



„Digitalization: What we need to talk about“

WBGU Stirring Paper (March 2018)

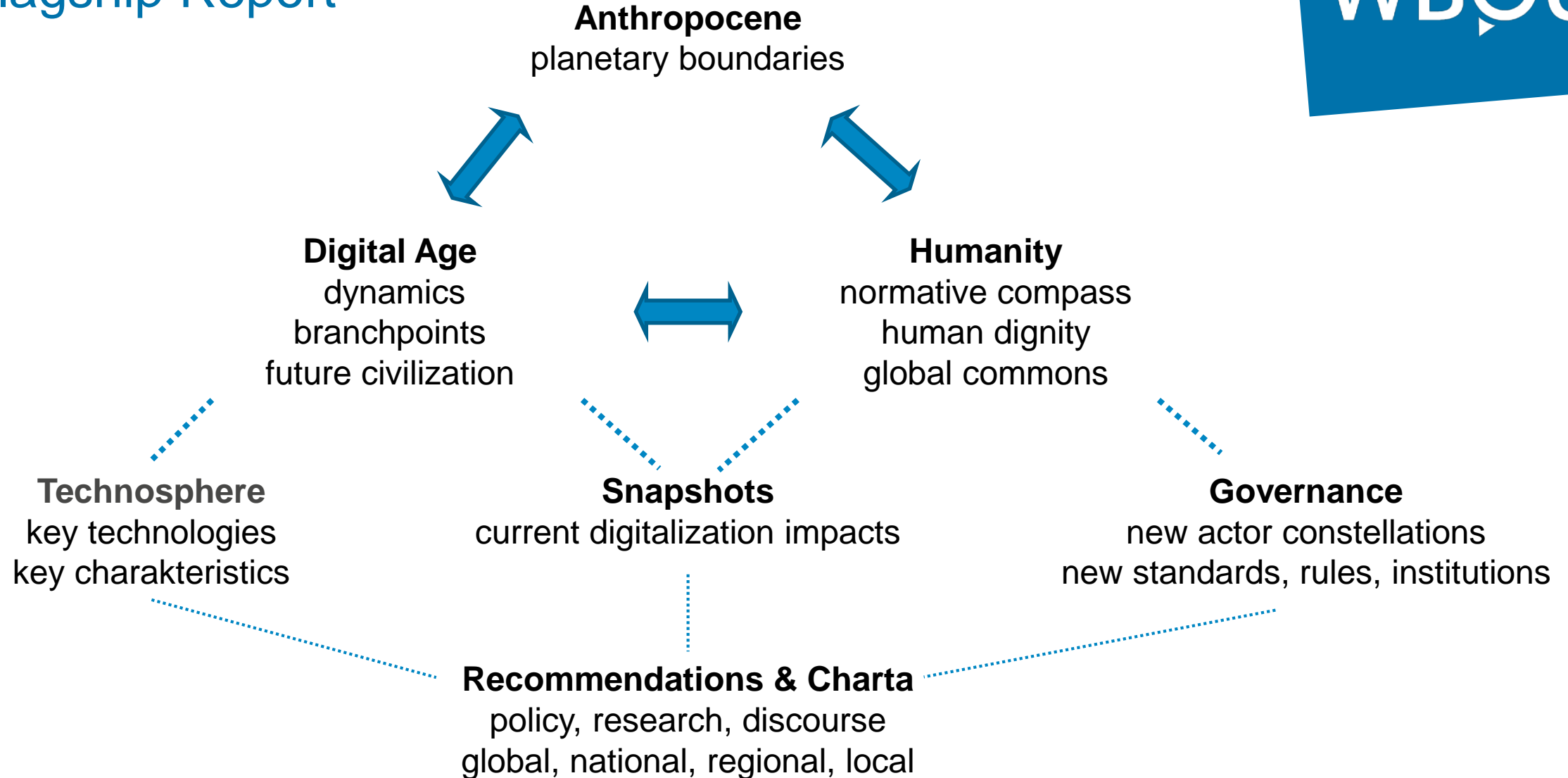
Free download: www.wbgu.de/en



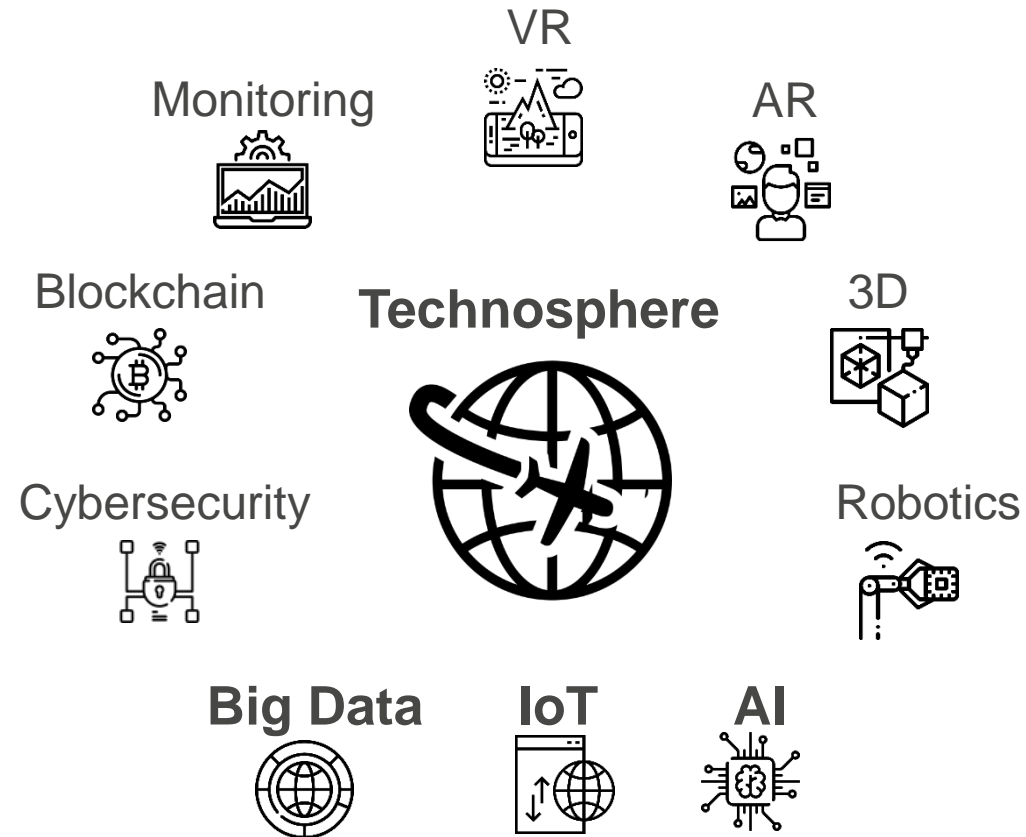
- > Impulse to stimulate a debate and to encourage people to get involved in these developments. **#SustainableDigitalAge**
- > Message: Place digitalization **at the service of global sustainability**
- > [WBGU Flagship Report → Spring 2019](#)

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Key Technologies



Free icons from www.flaticon.com

The Digital Age: (1) Connectivity





The Digital Age: (3) Cognition



The Digital Age: (4) Autonomy



The Digital Age: (5) Virtuality



Digitalization as a **Sustainability Topic!**

Examples

- > **Sustainable digital infrastructures & digital tools for sustainability**
 - > e.g. **energy** and mobility systems
 - > e.g. materials and **resources** (circular economy, 'dematerialization', rare earth metals, land use)
 - > e.g. **development** (poverty, access & inclusion, rural development)
- > **“Digital Sustainable Societies”**
 - > e.g. social **cohesion** (digital divides, (in)equality, 'work of the future')
 - > e.g. **power** imbalances and abuse (big five, authoritarianism, individual exposure)
 - > e.g. **democracy** (public discourse, privacy, accountability)

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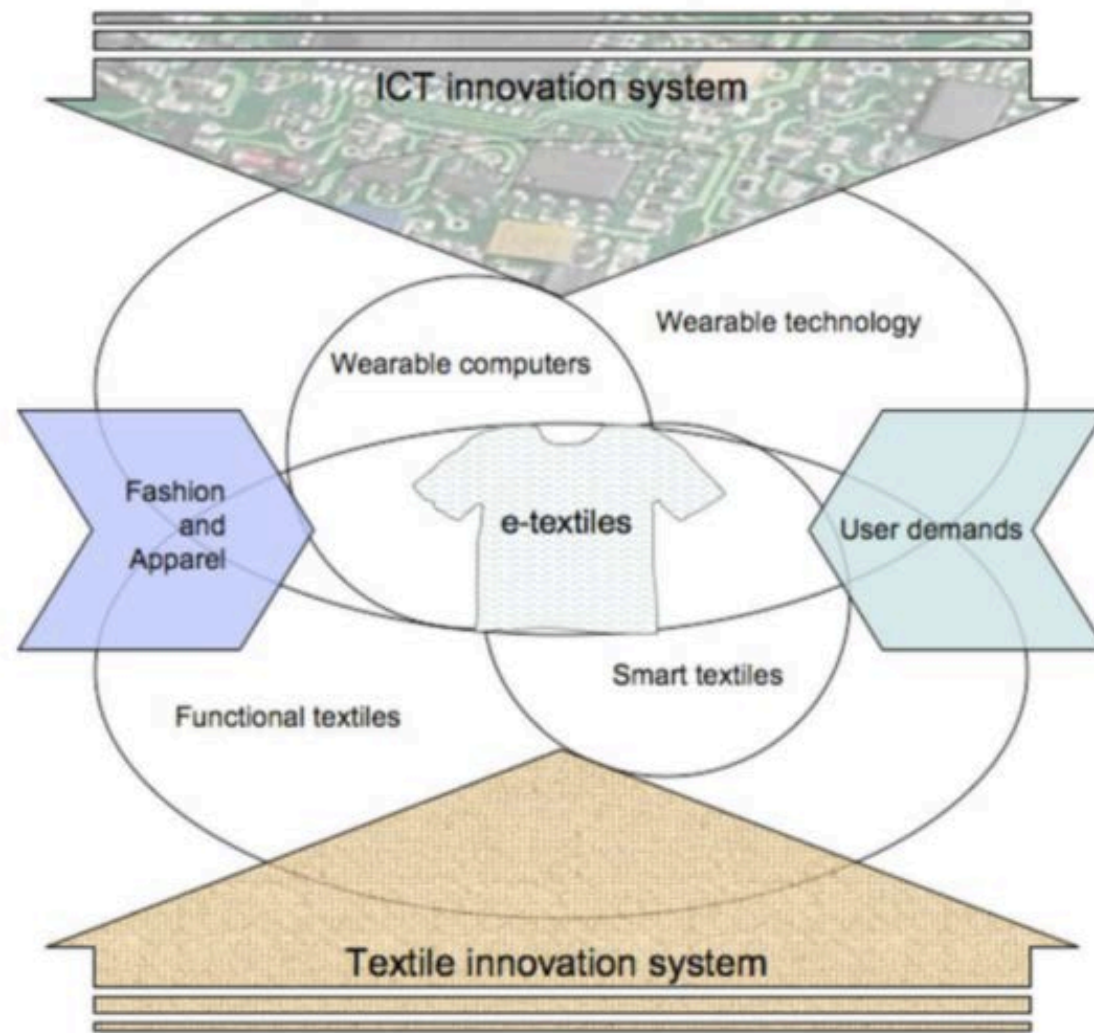
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Environmental Impacts of digital technologies – Life Cycle Assessments important



However, where does „digitalization“ start and end?



Quelle: (Köhler 2013a)

Digital Hybrids for Consumption 4.0



Quelle: (Brandt 2017)

Orders of Impact – Hard to Measure

- > **1st Order Impact:** the resource use of developing new infrastructure (hardware) & energy
- > **2nd Order Impact:** efficiency and consumption effects through differently organized processes
- > **3rd Order Impact:** consumption and lifestyle effects through digitally amended systems

Orders of Intervention – Systemic Approach

- > **1st Order Intervention:** standards and regulations to ensure circularity and efficiency by design
- > **2nd Order Intervention:** mission investments and regional innovation systems to close the loop and maximize sharing
- > **3rd Order Intervention:** repurpose economies to regenerative and inclusive value creation and distribution

Take-Aways

- > The digital revolution changes the socio-ecological-technical composition of systems
- > The digital revolution does NOT in itself change the purpose that systems are built to deliver on
- > **Any sustainability revolution is negotiated and guided through pre-technological decisions and processes!**

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Towards Our Common Digital Future

Mapping possible transformation pathways

- > **Elitist Consumption Control** („Radical Radicalism“)
 - > Libertarian and totalitarian accounts of destroying the former role model of a world order of democratic welfare states
 - > Digitalization as means for radical disruption

- > **Rebounding off the Cliff** („Incremental Radicalism“)
 - > Road of unintended side-effects towards irreversible social and ecological tipping points
 - > Digitalization accelerates given trends

- > **Web of Life and Technology** („Radical Incrementalism“)
 - > Reshaping socio-technical forms of delivering on key system functions (e.g. social security, welfare & economic stability, nature conservation)
 - > Digitalization as means for sustainability transformation

Selected proposals for a European way

- > *Reinvigorating* the European progress model – tech for sustainable development
 - > 2030Agenda implementation that leaves no one behind & respects human rights
 - > Horizon Europe with strong elements of knowledge transfer and RRI
 - > Mainstream sustainability KPIs into economic strategies and reporting & into Multiannual Financial Framework

- > *Recoupling* economic with natural processes – digital-biological circular economy
 - > Producers: value chain monitoring and reporting - refuse, reduce, reuse, recycle
 - > Consumers: footprint measuring and accounting; prosumption
 - > Citizens: platforms for better information sharing and watchdogging
 - > Finance: ensure non-financial risk reporting against all environmental concerns
 - > States: adaptive policies; redesign global competition standards & rules

Selected proposals for a European way

- > *Reclaiming* common goods and welfare – public infrastructures of the future
 - > Open standards, open formats, open interfaces
 - > Public authority of technical standards, common accessibility, interoperability
 - > Public-law ICT infrastructure
 - > Digital commons, open knowledge
- > *Resetting* cognitive frameworks for action - smart data revolution
 - > Earth System observation and identification of dynamic patterns
 - > Mapping tipping point patterns in local environmental events
 - > Citizen science as early warning system and engagement tool
 - > ‚Consciousness-data‘ platforms for environmental and social feedback loops



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Wissenschaftlicher Beirat der Bundesregierung
Globale Umweltveränderungen

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‘Transformation’ in system thinking

A system is viewed as a combination

of elements or parts, feedback or connections and a purpose influencing what it is set out to achieve - the “grammar” of the development trajectory.

Analysis of the dynamics behind development pathways

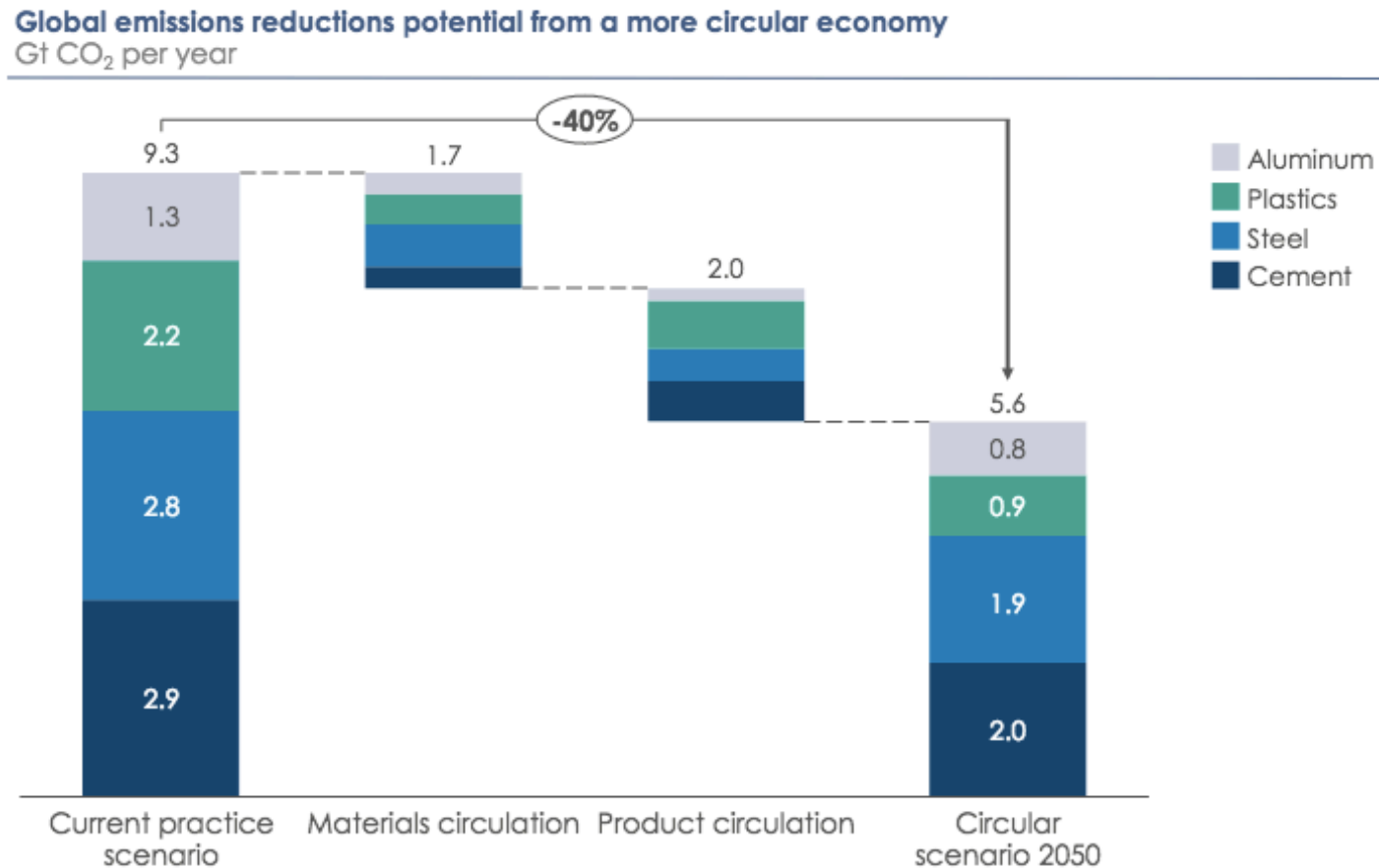
emphasises relationships rather than technological-economic facts when describing root causes of system behaviour and the perpetuation of (undesirable) trends

Transformational change will usually involve a ‘repurposing’

that alters not only which outcome is delivered (new Key Performance Indicators) but also the processes through which it is delivered.

Circularity for a 1,5-degree world

A more circular economy can cut emissions from the harder-to-abate sectors in industry by 40% by 2050



Source: Material Economics analysis for the Energy Transitions Commission (2018)

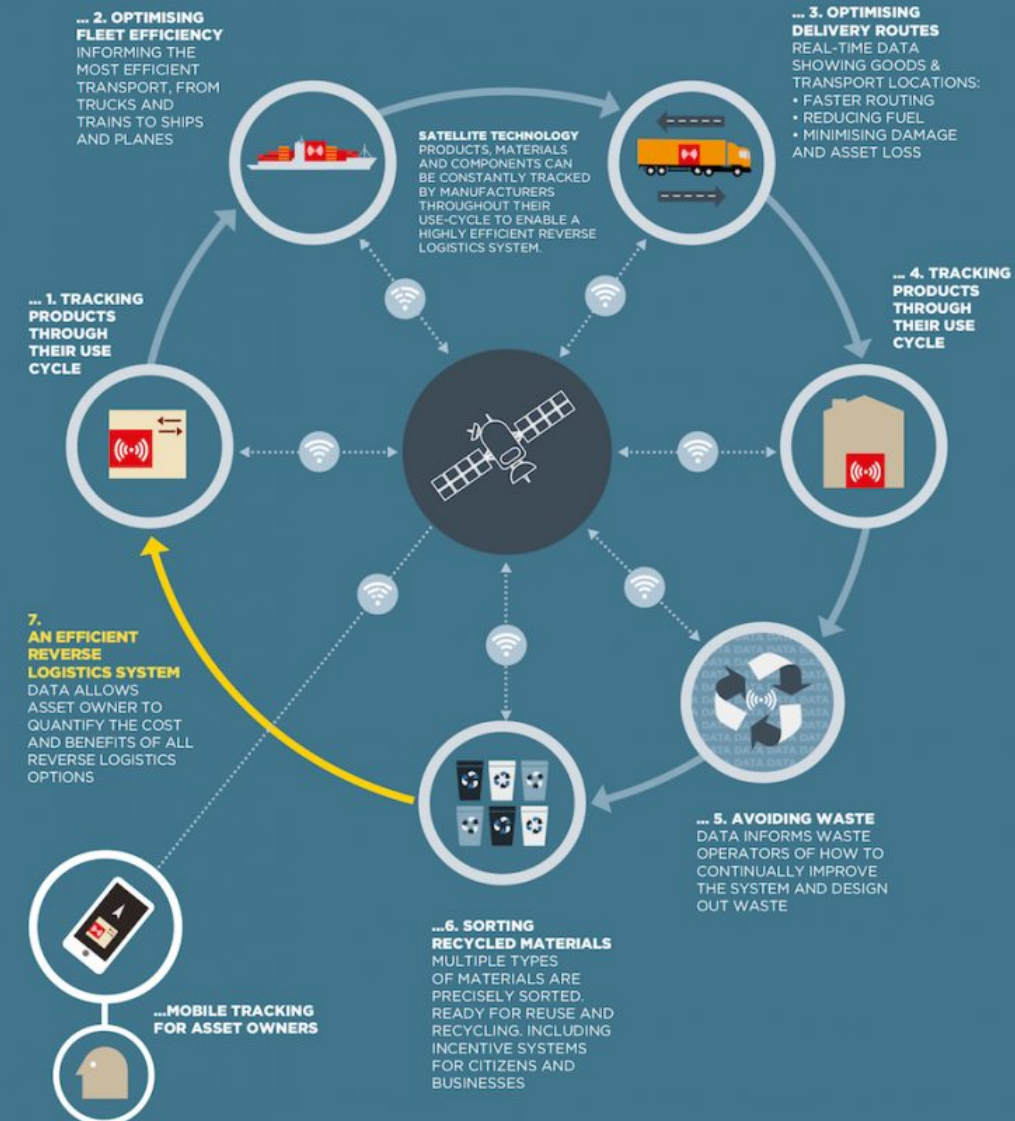
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INTELLIGENT ASSETS HELPS GETTING THE RIGHT STUFF TO THE RIGHT PLACE BY...



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